

THE MISSING FIFTH CARD 2

Read this card after Kiddush Let's start with the following questions:

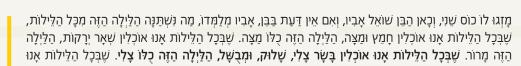
What are the sets of 'fours' in the Haggadah? How many can you find?

Why do you think there are so many sets of fours within the structure of the Haggadah?





Read this card after Ma Nishtana



Here is the first set of four, The Four Questions. But were there always only four

questions? Invite someone to read this text from the Mishnah (Pesachim 10:4):

מַטְבִּילִין פַּעָם אַחַת, הַלַּיִלָה הַזֶּה שָׁתֵּי פִעְמִים. They poured him a second cup, and here the child questions the father. If the child lacks the intelligence to ask, the father instructs: On every other night we dip once, on this night we dip twice? Every other night we eat either bread or matzah, but tonight there is only matzah. Every other night we eat roasted, stewed, or boiled meat, but tonight

only roasted. Every other night we dip during the meal only once, but tonight we dip

Compare this text to your Haggadah? What are the differences?

twice.



THE MISSING FIFTH CARD 4

Read this card after The Four Children

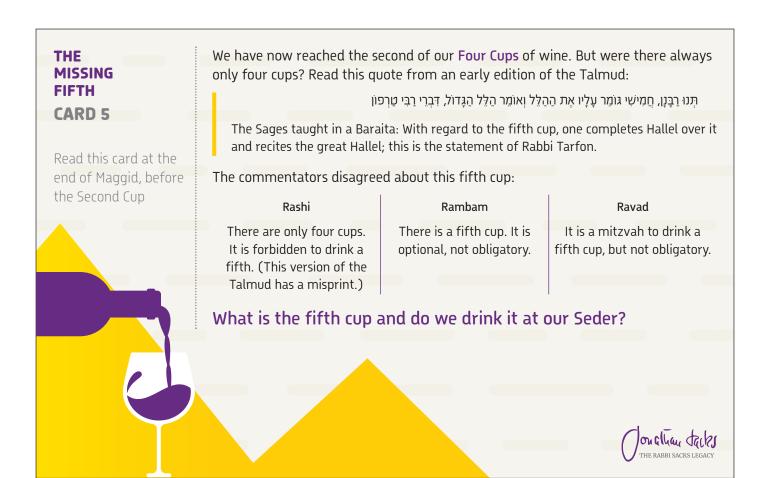
Here's our second set of four, The Four Children. But are there only four?

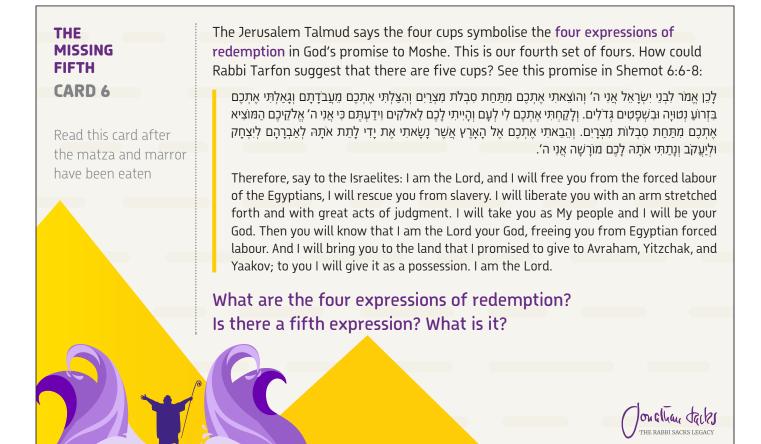
According to the sixth Lubavitcher Rebbe, Rabbi Yosef Yitzchak Schneersohn, the Four Children represent the previous four Jewish generations. The **Wise Child** represents the first generation of immigrants from Eastern Europe who were deeply religious. The next generation, the Wicked Child, often rejected their parents' religiosity to try and fit in to the new host society. The third generation, the **Simple Child**, is confused. They saw their grandparents doing mitzvot, and their parents lead a life without keeping mitzvot. The fourth generation, the **Child Who Does Not Know How to Ask**, was born after their great-grandparents had died. They only saw rejection and confusion growing up, and so they don't even have the language to engage. Rabbi Sacks relates this interpretation in his Haggadah, and tells us that Rabbi Schneersohn identified a **fifth child**.

Can you guess who the missing fifth child is?

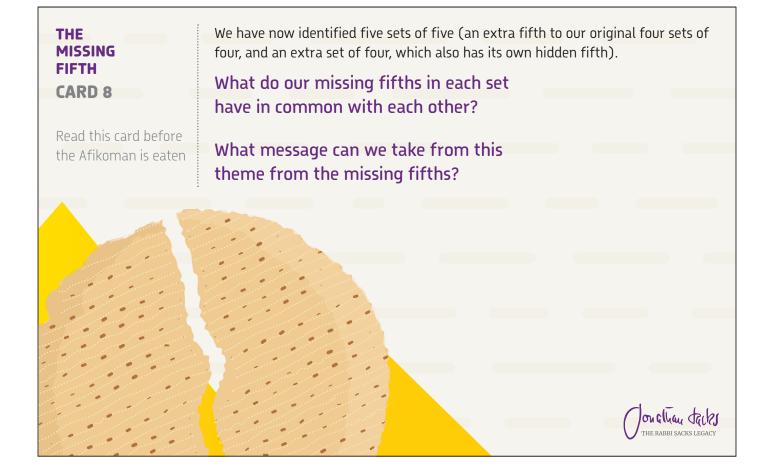












THE MISSING FIFTH CARD 9

Read this card to conclude the Seder activity

We conclude this Seder activity with the words of Rabbi Sacks:

"So beneath the surface of the Haggadah we find not four fours, but five fives. In each case there is a missing fifth – a cup, an expression of deliverance, a verse, a question, and a child. Each points to something incomplete in our present situation. In the half-century since the Holocaust the Jewish people has emerged from darkness to light. The State of Israel has come into being. The Hebrew language has been reborn. Jews have been brought to safety from the countries where they faced persecution. In the liberal democracies of the West, Jews have gained freedom, and even prominence and affluence.

But Israel is not yet at peace. In the Diaspora, assimilation continues apace. Many Jews are estranged from their people and their faith. Something is missing from our celebration – the fifth cup, the fifth deliverance, the fifth verse, the fifth question, and the fifth child. That is a measure of what is still to be achieved. We have not yet reached our destination. The missing fifths remind us of work still to be done, a journey not yet complete."







THE MISSING FIFTH: ANSWER CARD

Card 2: There are four sets of four! **(1)** The Four Questions; **(2)** The Four Children; **(3)** the Four Cups of Wine; **(4)** The Four Expressions of Redemption. The Four Children and the Four Expressions of Redemption are based on verses found in the Torah. It could be that the Rabbis chose to continue this structure of fours as another engaging element of the Seder night to keep participants engaged.

Card 3: The third of the four questions here is different from Ma Nishtana in our Haggadah. Instead of "Every other night, some sit to eat and some recline, but tonight we are all reclining" the Mishnah has "Every other night we dip during the meal only once; but tonight we dip twice."

Card 4: The fifth child is the one who is not there, the child lost through marrying out and assimilation. This child doesn't even know it is Pesach and does not even manage to find their way to a Seder.

Card 5: The fifth cup is the Cup of Eliyahu. We pour it (out of respect for Ravad and Rambam) but do not drink it (out of respect for Rashi).

Card 6: The four expressions are וְהַצֵּאַתִּי , I will free you/take you out; וְהָצֵּלְתִּי, I will rescue you; וְהָצֵּלְתִּי, I will liberate you; וְהָבֵּאַתִּי , I will liberate you, וְהָבֵּאַתִי, I will take you as My people. The **fifth expression** is וְהָבֵאתִי, I will bring you to the land.

Card 7: The four verses are: (1) "An Aramean sought my father's death." (2) "And the Egyptians dealt cruelly with us and oppressed us." (3) "And we cried to the Lord, God of our ancestors." (4) "And the Lord brought us out of Egypt." The hidden fifth from this set of four is "He brought us to this place [the land of Israel] and gave us this land, a land flowing with milk and honey" (Devarim 26:9).

Card 8: All the missing fifths are connected to Israel and redemption. The fifth question was asked when we ate the Korban Pesach and had a Temple. The fifth child is lost to us now, but will return to us when the final redemption comes. The fifth cup is the cup of Eliyahu the Prophet who, tradition tells us, will herald the final redemption. The fifth expression of redemption and the missing fifth of the verses from which the Haggadah is expounded both speak about God bringing the Israelites to the Promised Land. The message we can take from these missing fifths is, in the words of Rabbi Sacks: "Each points to something incomplete in our present situation... [and] a measure of what is still to be achieved. We have not yet reached our destination. The missing fifths remind us of work still to be done, a journey not yet complete."